

Setup Time Reduction

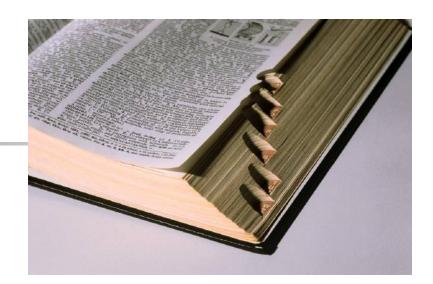
Using: Single Minute Exchange of Die

G.V. Clarke Lean Quality Assoc., LLC

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- In the beginning, there was...STORAGE.
- Definitions of TIME
- Typical Old procedures /Wastes
- EOQ Assumptions / Computation
- Improvement process / SMED
- Necessary cultural preparation
- Basics & Principles
- Typical Results
- Q & A





Definition:

"A systematic approach to identifying and eliminating waste(non-value-added activities) through continuous improvement by flowing the product at the pull of the customer in pursuit of perfection"

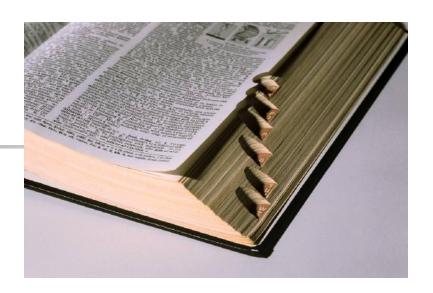


• "One of the most noteworthy accomplishments in keeping the price of Ford products low is the gradual shortening of the production cycle. The longer an article is in the process of manufacture and the more it is moved about, the greater is its ultimate cost."

Henry Ford, 1926



Definition:



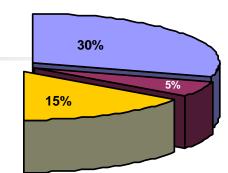
"The time between the last good piece off the current run and the first good piece off the next run."

Historical setup Procedures

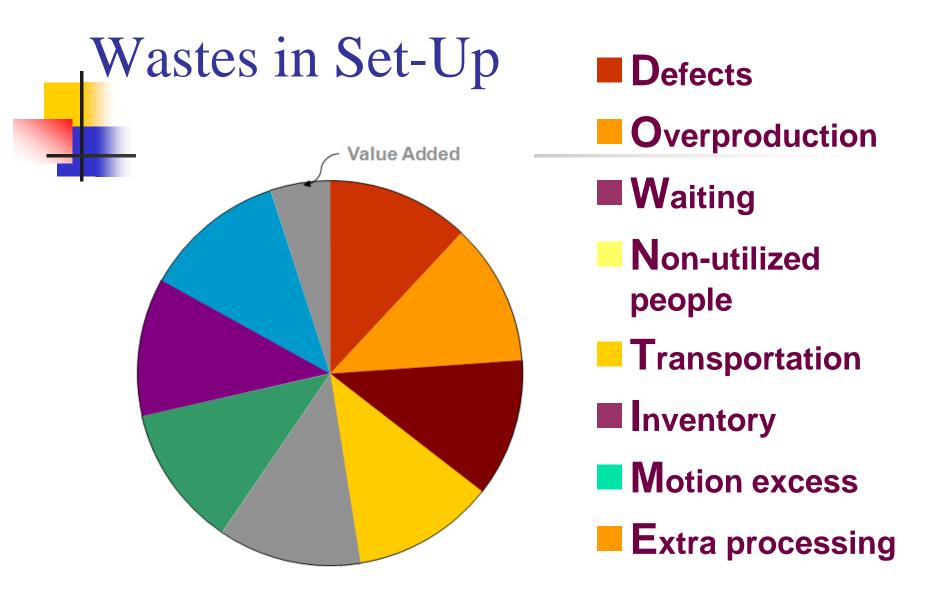
50%



cleaning up completed job



- receiving instructions for next job
- storing/retrieving tools, parts, materials
- checking functionality
- Parts removal and attachment
- Centering, dimensioning, and setting
 - tools, dies, jigs, gauges
- Trial processing and adjustments



Typically 95% of Total Lead Time is Non-Value Added!!!

Traditional setup Assumptions



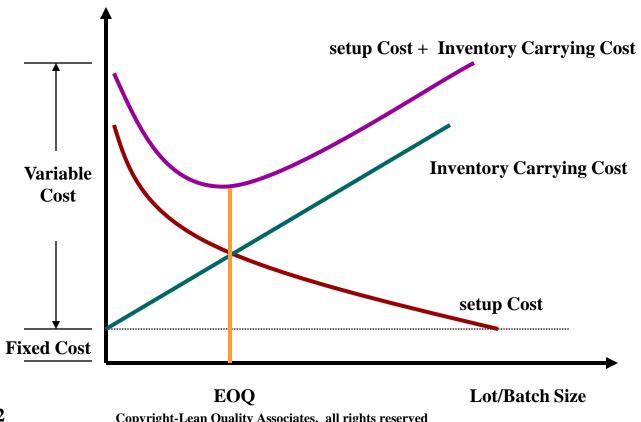
 Long runs are necessary to amortize the cost of setups

 Managing production using economic order quantities (EOQ) balances setup costs and inventory carrying costs



Traditional setup Math

Do these assumptions make sense if setup time can be significantly reduced?

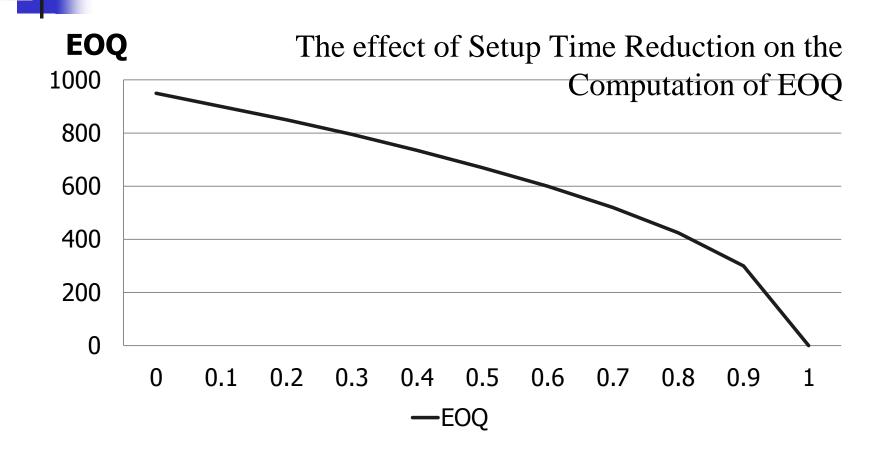




Economic Order Quantity (EOQ)

$$EOQ = \begin{cases} 2x(AnnualUsage)xOrderCost/\\ InventCarryCost(\%)xUnitCost \end{cases}$$

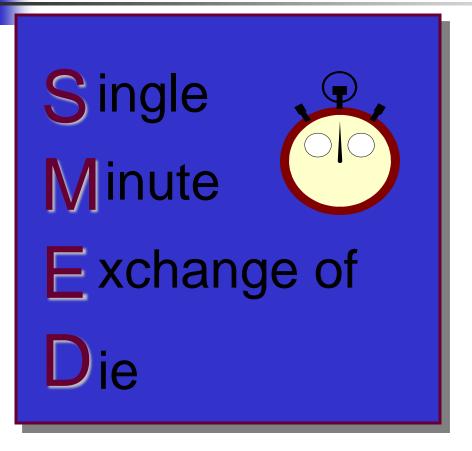
Effect of SUTR on EOQ



Set Up Improvement Process

- A) Document the current setup
- B) Analyze the setup and identify ways to reduce or eliminate it (SMED)
- C) Implement improvements and monitor results
- D) Standardize the improved setup

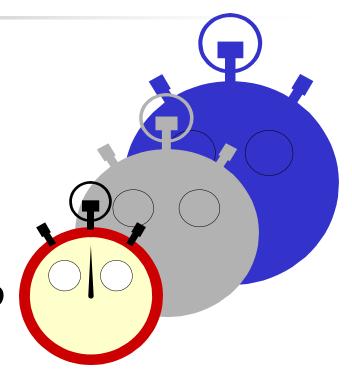
The SMED System



- Step-by-step method to reduce setup time
- Developed by Shigeo Shingo
- Applicable in all industries
- Useful in streamlining other processes

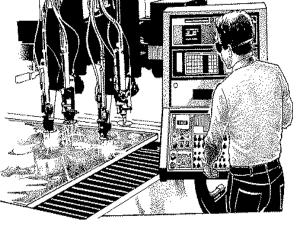
Reducing setup Time

- Put the "basics" in place
 - workplace organization
 - 5 S's
 - visual controls
- Analyze and improve setup using SMED



SMED: Basic Principles

- There are two types of setup tasks:
 - internal (machine down)
 - external (machine running)
- Eliminating or streamlining a setup task requires a clear understanding of that task's real purpose and function
- Focus first on no/low cost solutions
- The best setup is no setup!

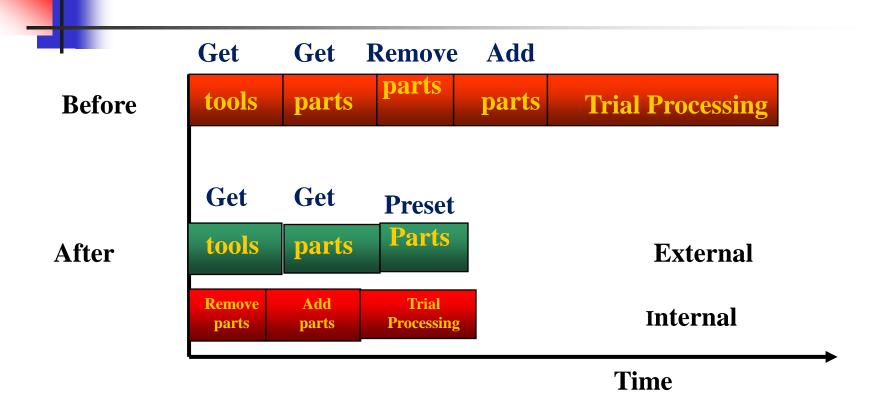


The Stages of SMED

- Document the current Setup process
- 1-Separate and convert internal elements to external
- 2-Streamline all aspects of setup operations.



Internal elements to External



Streamline all elements

- Parallel operations
- Eliminating adj.
- Functional clamps
- Mechanization
- Planning
- Work place Layout
- Team/Organize
- Training

- Pit-Crew Practice
- Documentation





Experience with SUTR

Cold Rolling Mill 62 min to 16 min

Grinding Op35 min to 10 min

Press Brake
16:51 min to 7:08m

Vacuum Evaporator65 min to 22 min

Additional questions?

- Industrial Engr.
- Lean & Lean Six Sigma
- RABQSA-Principal Auditor
- ISO-9000, TS-16949, 17025
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